Cheating *in* Idling LPG cylinders

*112. SHRI J. P. GOYAL:
SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK:

Will the Mnister oi PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Weights & Measures Department of. the Directorate of Industrie? had con ducted a raid at the Indian Oil LPG filling plant at Shakurbasti, Delhi on the 14th January, 1986 and in a ran dom check of cylinders which were ready for despatch to destination, 10 out of 12 cylinders were found to be short in weight;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) what are the particulars of the persons responsible for filling less LPG in the cylinders; and

(d) what action has been taken against each of them and also to ensure the filling of full quantity of LPG in the cylinders to save the consumers from being cheated in this way?

THE MINISETR OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR SINGH): (a) to (d) At the time of inspection of Indian Oil Corporation's Plant at Shakurbasti, Delhi by the Weight & Measures Deptt., Delhi Administration on January 7, 1986, out of 12 cylinders checked, 10 were found short in weight by 400 to 900 gms, one wa_s found having excess weight of 300gms and one was accurately filled.

Bottling of LPG in cylinders at the plant is done through Automatic Filling Machines mounted o_n a carousel (Rotating Platform). The reasons for the under and overfilling appear to be erratic functioning of Ihe Automatic Filling Machines and weighing systems at the Bottling Plant, which have been subjected to heavy and continuous utilisation with a view to meeting the increased winer demand in the area, leaving little time for adequate maintenance. According to the interim report of the Enquiry Committee set up bv the Corporation no individual responsibility has been pinpointed.

The Corporation is carrying out urgent maintenance of the machine? and is strengthening the internal checking and control systems in order to minimise the erratic functioning of the Automatic Filling Machines and the weighing systems at the Bottling Plant.

Production of kerosene

*113. PROF. (MRS.) ASIMA CHATTERJEE:
PROF. B. RAMACHANDRA RAO:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state: I

(a) what is the total quantity of Kerosene produced indigenously and imported from abroad at present.

(b) the annual amount of subsidy allowed by Government on Kerosene;

(c) the steps taken by Government so far to make Kerosene freely available to the rural poor ili view of the lack of firewood due to the rapid depletion of the forests: and

(d) the reasons for the price hike of this essential commodity which is. largely used by the urban and the rural poor.

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR SINGH): (a)

Qty. : Million ')' c.i.f.
Value : Rs./CKMBS

	Kerosene		
	Indigenous Production	Imports	
	Qty.	Qty. value	
1985-86 (Estimated)	4·16	2·09	680·50

(b) This is of the order of *lis*. 500 crores.

(c) The steps include expansion of the existing network of Kerosene LDO dealers particularly at Taluka/ Tehsil levels. State Governments, have also been advised to take stern action against all those indulging in malpractices like hoarding and black marketing in the sale of Kerosene.

(d) To raise additional resources for the plan and to curtail the outgo of foreign exchange on imports.

Delay jn sending electricity bills in Government colonies in Delh;

*114. SHRIMATI MONIKA DAS: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a") whether Government are aware that the electricity bill- in the Government colonies in Delhi are not sent for years together;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor and what is the number of eases in which electricity bills were not sent formore than two years daring the last thx-ee years;

(c) whether it is a fact that the electricity bills in Pushp Vihar, (M. B. Road) have not been sent f«r more than four years;

(d) if so, what are the rea therefor; and

(e) what steps Government propose to lake in the matter?

THE MIINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE): (a) r.nd *(I)* According to DESU, normally it takes three to four months to send the first electricity consumption charges bill. In fact, from May 15, 1985, a new procedure has been intruduced, *Inter* alia, to ensure rendering of first bills within two to three months of the energisation of a connection. Isolated cases of late billing whicii might occur in fast developing • colonies such as those in the trans-Yamuna areas, are rectified as soon as possible. DESU has also recently increased the number of Districts from 15 to 20 so that adequate attention is paid to consumers in the outlying colonies. Further, DESU is installing its own computer system, with terminals in all District Offices which is expected to improve the billing system by replacing the present manual operations.

(c) to (e) DESU is launching a drive involving door to door chack-ing in the Pushp Vihar Government employees colony to ascertain and ensure that consumers receive their bills regularly and are not inconvenienced in making payments.

Exemption of jume industries from the M.R.T.P. Act

♦115. SHRI RAMCHANDRA BHARADWAJ;
SHRIMATI MAIMOONA SULTAN:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that Govern-1 ment have exempted hoteliering and